## Determination of Aucubin and Catalpol in Plantago Species by Micellar **Electrokinetic Chromatography** Renata Jurišić<sup>a,\*</sup>, Željko Debeljak<sup>b</sup>, Sanda Vladimir-Knežević<sup>a</sup>, and

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Micellar electrokinetic chromatography (MEKC) was used for the separation and determination of two iridoid glycosides, aucubin and catalpol, in several Plantago species growing in Croatia: P. altissima L., P. argentea Chaix, P. coronopus L., P. holosteum Scop. (subsp. depauperata, subsp. holosteum and subsp. scopulorum), P. lagopus L., P. lanceolata L., and P. maritima L. Hot water extraction (HWE) was applied for the isolation of iridoid substances. Significant differences appeared between the iridoid contents in the examined species. The yield of aucubin and catalpol was up to 0.27% and 1.81% of the dry mass of the leaves, respectively. Besides aucubin and catalpol, two related compounds were determined in the plant samples.

Key words: Plantago, Micellar Electrokinetic Chromatography, Iridoid Glycosides

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